

Plman Slides

(An incremental doc)

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Download & Installation

Download package `pl-man.zip` from: PLMan

Unzip the package (e.g, in Desktop).

It will create a folder **plman**, which in turn contains 2 subfolders:

1. `maps/` contains 12 examples of maps to solve.
2. `pl-man-game/` contains the Prolog code of the game PI-Man.

The file `plman` is the script to execute the solutions to the maps.

The file `launch` is the script to execute many solutions.

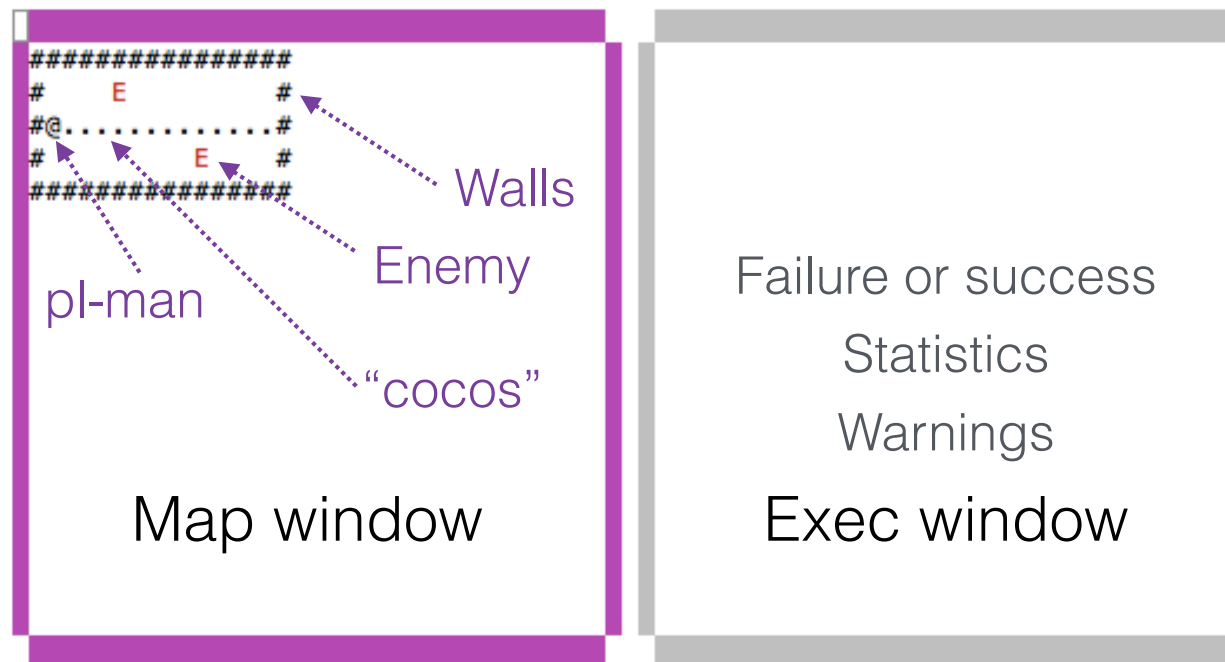
THESE FILES MUST BE EXECUTABLE in a UNIX/LINUX system: \$ `chmod +x plman`

Launching Pl-man

Usual call to `plman`:

```
./plman MAP SOLUTION [PARAMETERS]
```

MAP: is the name of the **.pl file** which contains the map to solve,
SOLUTION is the name or path of the **.pl file** containing the rule that triggers the proposed solution to this map,



Launching Pl-man

solej0.pl

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').  
do(move(right)).
```

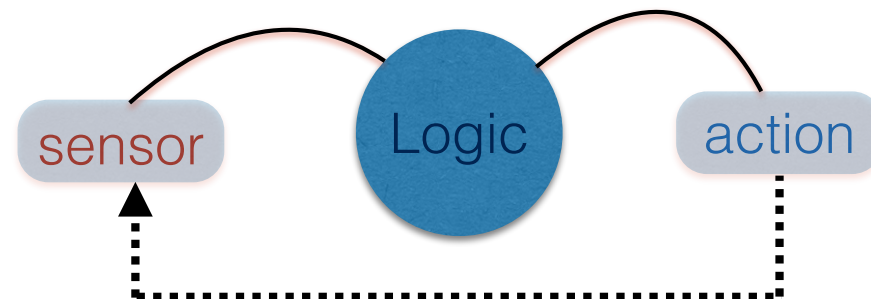
```
#####  
#      E      #  
#@.....#  
#              #  
#####
```

```
./plman maps/ejemplos/mapaej0.pl maps/ejemplos/solej0.pl
```

solej1.pl?

```
#####  
#@.....#  
#####.#  
#.....#  
#####
```

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').  
  
do(move(right)):- see(normal,right,'.').  
do(move(left)):- see(normal,down,'.').  
do(move(down)):- see(normal,left,'.').
```



Launching Pl-man

Strategy

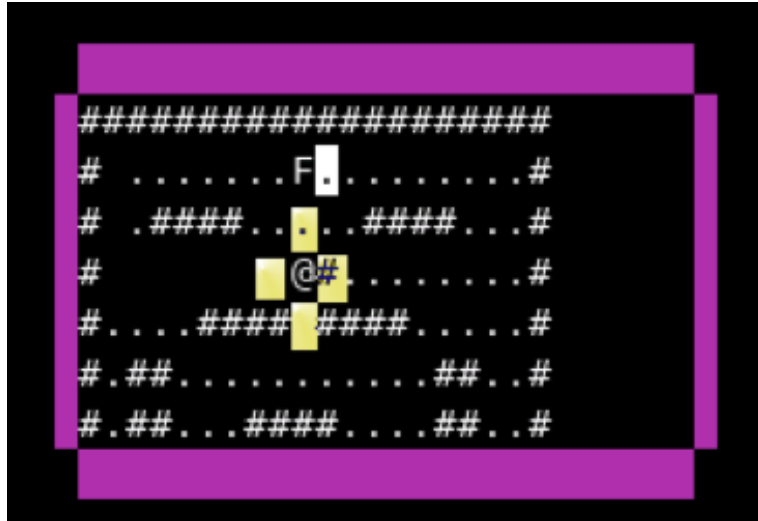
```
#####  
#.....#  
#.    @    .#  
#.....#  
#####
```

solej2.pl?

1. Move **left** while **seeing** void ' '
2. Move **left** ("eating" **points**) '#' blocks
3. Move **up** until being blocked by top '#'
4. Move **right** until being blocked by right '#'
5. Move **down** until being blocked by right '#'
6. Move **left** until being blocked by left '#'

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').  
  
do(move(right)):- see(normal,right,'.').  
do(move(up)):- see(normal,left,'#').  
do(move(left)):- see(normal,left,'.').  
do(move(down)):- see(normal,right,'#').  
do(move(left)):- see(normal,down,'#').  
do(move(left)).
```

See & Move Commands



See “normal”

see(normal, DIR, '.')

move

move(DIR)

DIR in

{up, down, right, left, up-left, none
up-right, down-left, down-right, here}

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').  
  
do(move(right)):- see(normal,right,'.').  
do(move(up)):- see(normal,left,'#').  
do(move(left)):- see(normal,left,'.').  
do(move(down)):- see(normal,right,'#').  
do(move(left)):- see(normal,down,'#').  
do(move(left)).
```

Phase 0: get/drop/use objects

```
###  
#h#  
#@#  
###
```

```
Tu misión consiste únicamente en co  
ger la silla del tiempo.
```

get/drop/use

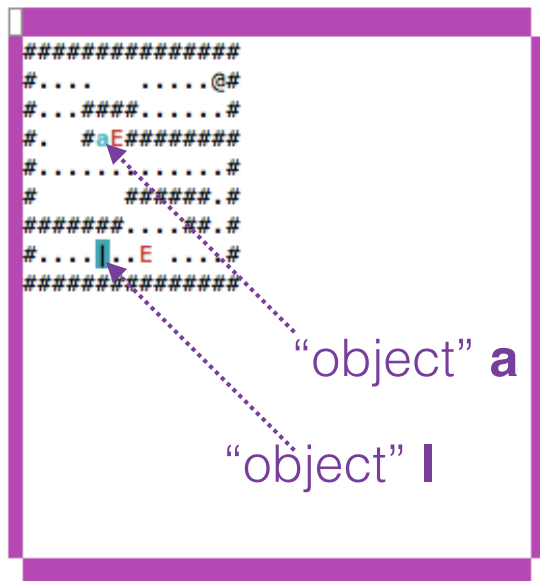
get/drop/use(OBJ)

OBJ in
{up, down, right, left,
up-left, none up-right,
down-left, down-right, here}

Your mission consists of getting the chair of time!

```
map_format_version(1.0).  
map([[ '#', '#', '#',  
      ['#', ' ', '#'],  
      ['#', ' ', '#'],  
      ['#', '#', '#'] ]]).  
map_size(5, 3).  
num_dots(1).  
pacman_start(1, 2).  
initMap:-  
    addSolidObject('#'),  
    createGameEntity('h', object, 1, 1, inactive, norule,  
                    data(silla, solid, not_static, norule, 'Silla del tiempo: Te teletransporta al levantarla.')).  
    createGameEntity('#', object, 2, 1, active, pickUpRule,  
                    data(checker, solid, static, norule, 'Checks end of the game')),  
    msgWindowWrite('Tu misión consiste únicamente en coger la silla del tiempo.').  
  
pickUpRule(_):-  
    havingObject ->  
    dotEaten.  
pickUpRule(_).  
  
norule(_).  
norule(_,_,_,_,_).
```

Phases 0,1,2: **havingObject**



In these phases solving maps often requires **object interaction** to:

- Get a key to open a door
- Drop an object at a given place.

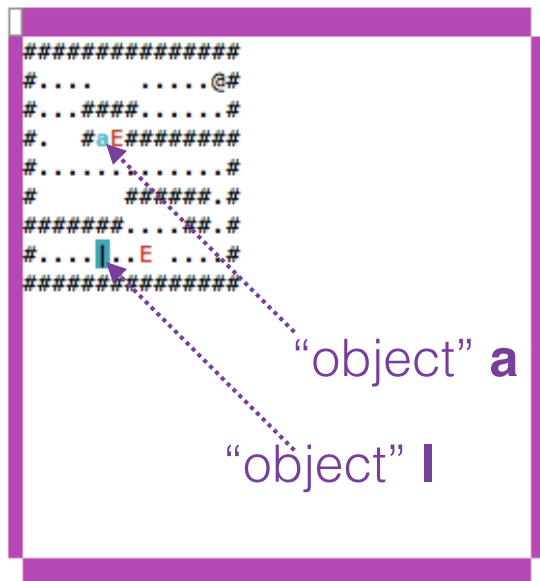
PI-man must know whether it has the required object or it doesn't it.

- Use the predicate: **havingObject**
- It works on “name” and “appearance”

In the map's code...

```
createGameEntity(OID_KEY, 'a', object, 5, 3, inactive, norule,  
  [ name(llave_azul), solid(false), static(false), use_rule(basicDoorKey),  
    description('Llave que abre puertas azules'), appearance(attrs(bold, cyan, default))]),  
createGameEntity(OID_DOOR1, '|', object, 5, 7, inactive, norule,  
  [ name(puerta_azul), solid(true), static(true), use_rule(norule),  
    description('Puerta azul 2'), appearance(attrs(bold, black, cyan))]),  
createGameEntity(EID_0, 'E', mortal, 6, 3, active, enemyBasicMovement, [appearance(attrs(normal, red,  
  default))]),  
createGameEntity(EID_2, 'E', mortal, 8, 7, active, entitySequentialMovement, [appearance(attrs(normal, red,  
  default))]),
```

Phases 0,1,2: **havingObject**



In these phases solving maps often requires **object interaction** to:

- Get a key to open a door
- Drop an object at a given place.

PI-man must know whether it has the required object or it doesn't it.

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    description('Puerta azul 2'), appearance(attribs(bold, black, cyan))]),
createGameEntity(EID_0, 'E', mortal, 6, 3, active, enemyBasicMovement, [appearance(attribs(normal, red,
  default))]),
createGameEntity(EID_2, 'E', mortal, 8, 7, active, entitySequentialMovement, [appearance(attribs(normal, red,
  default))]),
```

Phase 3: Dynamic Predicates

```
#####  
#.....1..6..#  
#8.....#  
#..3.....@.#  
#####5+3#  
# #  
# # 1 #  
# # #  
# #####  
#.....E#  
#####
```

map7.pl

state(up):

- Do the sum below and store in **result()**
- Read the result of the sum (get the corresponding number)
- Clean dots
- Go to the door (+ sign) and open.

state(down):

- Get the gun **I**
- Go down and shoot **E**
- Clean dots

Phase 3: Dynamic Predicates

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').

%% Predicate for controlling the state
:- dynamic state/1.
state(up).
:- dynamic result/1.
result(0).
:- dynamic line/1.
line(0).

%% Symplifying rules
h0(OBJ)      :- havingObject(appearance(OBJ)).
s(DIR, OBJ)  :- see(normal, DIR, OBJ).
change(EST) :- retractall(state(_)), assert(state(EST)).
setresult(Z) :- retractall(result(_)), assert(result(Z)).
setline(L) :- retractall(line(_)), assert(line(L)), writeln(L).
```

```
%% Sub-Rules for doing the sum below me
```

```
% Rules to open and go down
```

Phase 3: Dynamic Predicates

```
#####  
# . | . . . #      v#m#  
### . . . #      # . #  
# . | . . . @      a#  
### . . . #      #r#  
# . | . . . #^     # . #  
#####
```

Description:

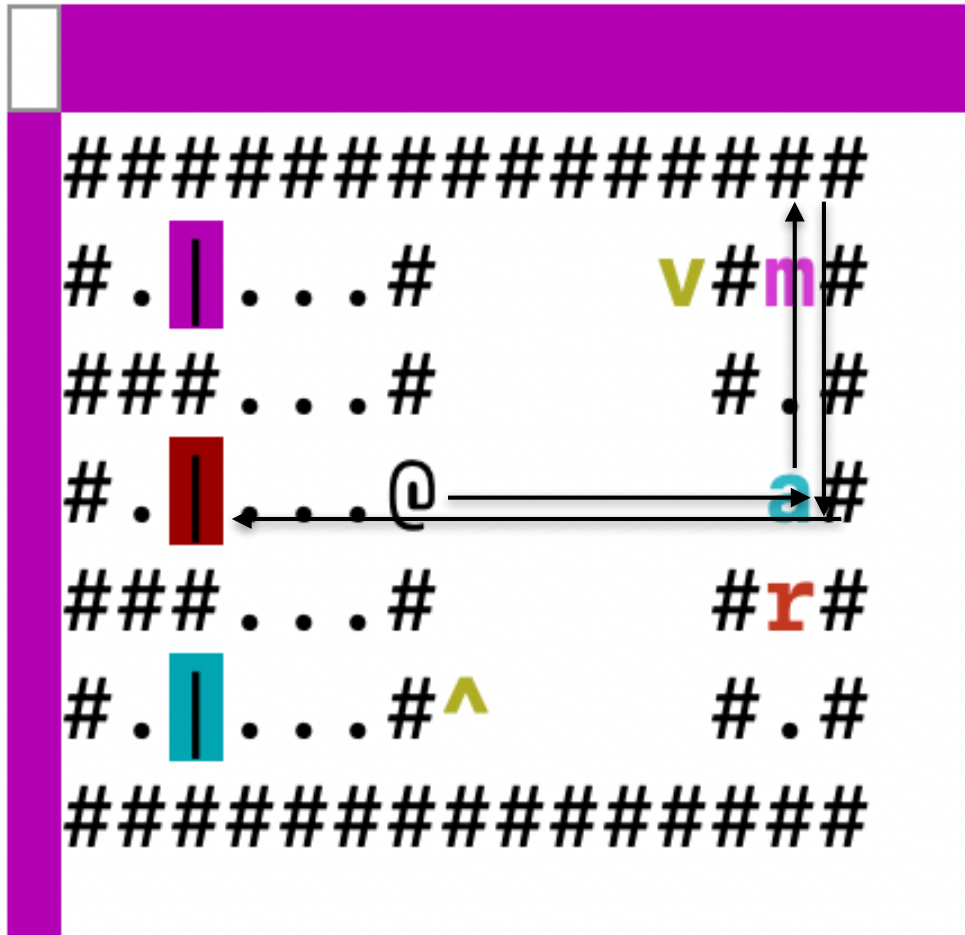
- The 3 doors appear always randomly.
- The keys are always on the right chamber. They can even be in the same place!
- Arcs are one up and one down but may appear in a random column: the down-left can be in cols 7 or 8 and the top-right can be at the cols 10 or 11

Strategy:

- Move in one direction until reaching a #
- Get the first key you find.
- Go to a position
- Try to open a door
- repeat...

map6.pl

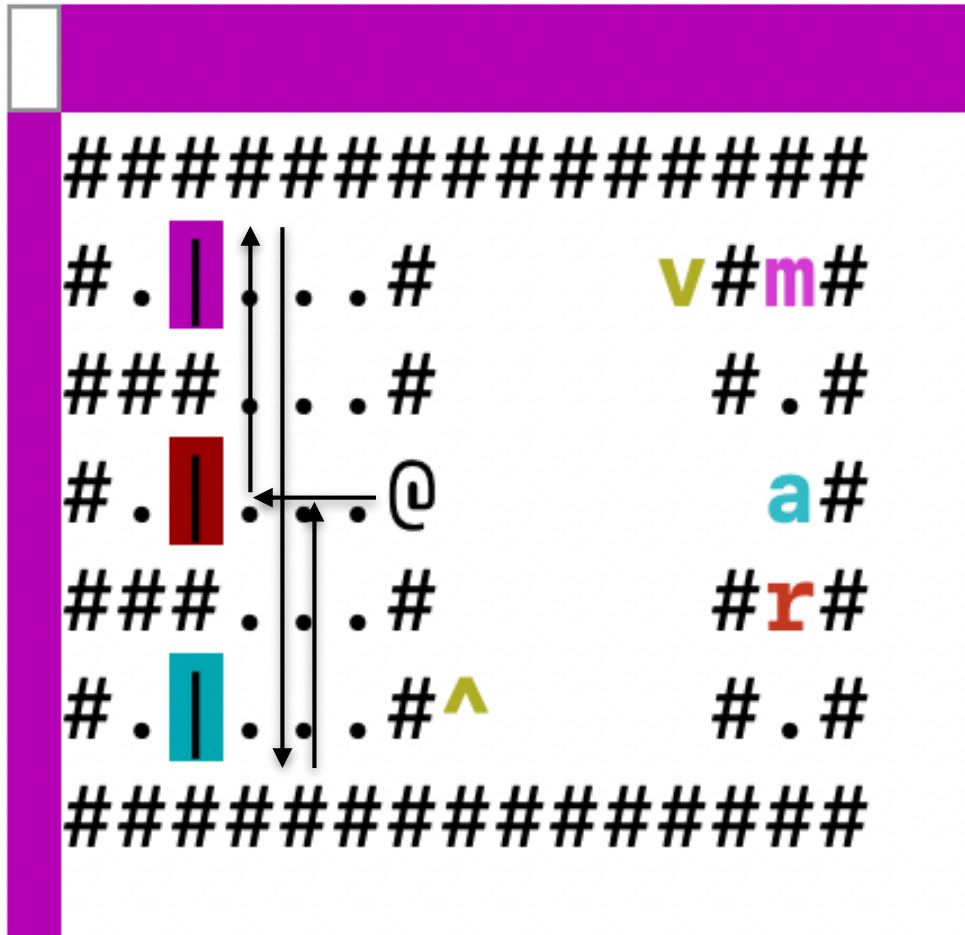
Phase 3: Dynamic Predicates



First Part:

- Go right.
- Go top.
- Go down.
- Sometimes you have to
Go more down (more keys)
- Find the key.
- Return left.
- Use/drop key.
- Repeat

Phase 3: Dynamic Predicates



Second part:

- Go to the middle door.
- Try to open.
- Find the key.
- Return left.
- Use/drop key.
- Repeat to the right
UNTIL ALL DOORS
ARE OPEN

Finally get the remaining dots.

Phase 4: Using List Predicates

map0.pl

```
#####  
#@..... E#  
#####
```

```
#####  
#           @E  #  
#####
```

E moves randomly, but...

```
map_format_version(1.0).  
load_behaviour(entitySequentialMovement).  
map([[ '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#',  
      '#'],  
     [ '#', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', '#'],  
     [ '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#', '#']]).  
map_size(14, 3).  
num_dots(9).  
pacman_start(1, 1).  
initMap:-  
    addSolidObject('#'),  
    randomBetween(3,8,L), randomBetween(1,6,N),  
    appendRepeatNTimes( l, L, [], L1),  
    appendRepeatNTimes( r, L, L1, L2),  
    appendRepeatNTimes( n, N, L2, L3),  
    randomPermutation(L3, L3P),  
    createGameEntity(EID_0, 'E', mortal, 12, 1, active,  
entitySequentialMovement, [appearance(attrs(normal, red, default))]),  
    entitySequentialMovement(init, EID_0, L3P, [ no_repeat_moves ]).  
norule(_).  
norule(_,_,_,_,_).
```

Never moves more than 8 cells left!

Phase 4: Using List Predicates

map0.pl

```
#####  
#@..... E#  
#####
```

```
#####  
#      @E  #  
#####
```

```
:- use_module('pl-man-game/main').
```

```
:- dynamic state/1.  
state(initial).
```

```
sl(DIR,LIST):- see(list,DIR,LIST).  
s(DIR,OBJ):- see(normal,DIR,OBJ).
```

```
doE(initial, move( right)):- sl(right,L), member('E',L), nth0(POS,L,'E'),POS>1.  
doE(initial, move( none)):- sl(right,L), member('E',L), nth0(POS,L,'E'),POS<4.
```

```
%doE(enter, move( left)) :- s( left, '.' ).  
%doE(enter, move(right)) :- s(right, '.' ).  
%doE(enter, move( down)) :- s( down, '.' ).  
%doE(enter, move(right)).
```

```
%% Main rule for launching sub-rules  
%%  
do(ACT) :- state(EST), doE(EST, ACT).
```

'E' belongs to list L



'E' is POS positions far from Plman starting by 0,1,...

Phase 4: Using List Predicates

map0.pl

```
#####  
#@..... E#  
#####
```

```
#####  
#           @E #  
#####
```

List predicates in swi-prolog:

<https://www.swi-prolog.org/pldoc/man?section=lists>

The screenshot shows the SWI-Prolog website documentation for the 'library(lists): List Manipulation' module. The page has a navigation bar with links for HOME, DOWNLOAD, DOCUMENTATION, TUTORIALS, COMMUNITY, USERS, and WIKI. The main content area is titled 'A.21 library(lists): List Manipulation' and includes a 'Compatibility' section, a description of the library's purpose, and a list of predicates. The 'member(?Elem, ?List)' predicate is highlighted with a blue background. Below it, the 'author' is listed as Gertjan van Noord. Other highlighted predicates include 'append(?List1, ?List2, ?ListAndList2)' and 'append(+ListOfLists, ?List)'. A sidebar on the left lists various other library modules like 'library(aggregate)', 'library(ansi_term)', etc.